The Mole Review Assignment

## Answers for the Mole Unit Practice Test

1. Check your test definitions carefully against those given in the notes and/or text; be very critical of the quality of your answers.
2. 424.9 g
3. 2430 g
4. 0.551 mol
5. $4.11 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$
6. Given that both samples have masses of 42.0 g , calculate the number of atoms in each by using the strategy: mass $\rightarrow$ the number of atoms in each by using the strategy: mass $\rightarrow$
moles of element $\rightarrow$ number of atoms of the element. Make a statement to summarize what you have demonstrated.
7. 18.3 L
8. $1.01 \times 10^{23}$ atoms
9. $17.7 \% \mathrm{~N}, 6.3 \% \mathrm{H}, 15.2 \% \mathrm{C}$ and $60.8 \% \mathrm{O}$
O. a) $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}_{3}$ b) $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{Cl}_{9}$
10. 0.833 g
11. $\mathrm{CuCl}_{2} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
12. 1.29 M
13. 74.6 g
14. 0.7813 M
15. 0.374
16. $\left[\mathrm{Mg}^{+2}\right]=0.274 \mathrm{M}$ $\left[\mathrm{CH}^{-1}=0.748 \mathrm{M}\right.$
17. What is the mass of $1.23 \times 10^{25}$ atoms of tin?
18. Determine the number of moles of fluorine molecules contained in 12.35 L of fluorine gas at STP.
19. What is the density of dinitrogen tetroxide gas at STP?
20. Given two 42.0 g samples of Fe and Cu , show why one sample must contain more atoms than the other.
21. At STP, what volume would 37.6 g of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ gas occupy?
22. How many chlorine atoms are present in 6.67 g of $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ?
23. Determine the percentage composition of ammonium bicarbonate.
24. The percentage composition of a certain compound is $24.4 \%$ carbon, $3.39 \% \mathrm{H}$, and the remainder is chlorine.
a) Determine the empirical formula
b) If the molar mass of the substance is 442.5 g , then what is its molecular formula?
25. What mass of water will be driven off when 5.65 g of hydrated barium chloride, $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, is heated?
26. Heating drives off water from the structure of hydrated copper (II) chloride. The anhydrous salt is left behind. Using the following data, determine the formula of the hydrated salt.

| Mass of crucible (g) | 38.44 g |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mass of crucible \& hydrate (g) | 45.26 g |
| Mass of crucible \& contents after first heating (g) | 43.90 g |
| Mass of crucible \& contents after second heating (g) | 43.82 g |

13. What is the concentration of the solution prepared by dissolving 71.6 g of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ in water up to a final volume of 750.0 mL ?
14. How many grams of NaCl must be used to produce 1.50 L of a 0.850 M solution?
15. What is the final concentration when 150.0 mL of water is mixed with 250.0 mL of 1.250 M KCl solution?
16. Calculate the concentration of the solution that results when 200.0 mL of $0.500 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Mg}_{\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2} \text { is mixed with }}$ 175.0 mL of $0.230 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Mg}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
17. Determine the ion concentrations when 325.50 mL of $0.625 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ solution is mixed with 416.11 mL of 0.356 M RbCl solution. (Be sure to start with the two dissociation equations)
